# FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Orphan Foundation of America d/b/a Foster Care to Success Sterling, Virginia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Orphan Foundation of America d/b/a Foster Care to Success (the Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Information**

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 2, 2015, on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fairfax, Virginia September 2, 2015

PB Maris, LLP

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2014 and 2013

ASSETS	2014	2013
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,868,023	\$ 2,227,784
Pledges receivable	608,636	883,750
Grants receivable	1,025,068	1,409,523
Prepaid expenses	5,854	16,230
Total current assets	4,507,581	4,537,287
Property and Equipment, net		
Property and equipment	876,844	873,967
Less: accumulated depreciation	(340,653)	(307,753)
Net property and equipment	536,191	566,214
Other Assets		
Investments	1,612,581	1,726,410
Total assets	\$ 6,656,353	\$ 6,829,911

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	2014	2013
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 186,731	\$ 59,945
Deferred revenue	26,667	-
Scholarships payable	13,755	272,362
Mortgage payable, current portion	27,414	26,376
Total current liabilities	254,567	358,683
Mortgage Payable, net of current portion	416,225	443,122
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	4,126,442	3,862,580
Temporarily restricted	1,859,119	2,165,526
Total net assets	5,985,561	6,028,106
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 6,656,353	\$ 6,829,911

## STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

				2014		2013						
			T	emporarily			7	Temporarily				
	<u>U</u>	nrestricted	]	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted		Restricted	Total			
Support and Other Revenue												
Contributions	\$	955,268	\$	907,963 \$	1,863,231	\$ 719,957	\$	1,155,171 \$	1,875,128			
Donated services, materials, and facilities		1,826,100		-	1,826,100	2,113,250		-	2,113,250			
Grant revenue		10,422,252		-	10,422,252	10,312,388		-	10,312,388			
Interest, dividend, and investment income		85,810		40,525	126,335	253,826		120,042	373,868			
Net assets released from restrictions		1,254,895		(1,254,895)	-	1,362,330		(1,362,330)	-			
Total support and other revenue		14,544,325		(306,407)	14,237,918	14,761,751		(87,117)	14,674,634			
Program Expenses												
Intern program		665,312		-	665,312	262,284		-	262,284			
Care package program		616,921		-	616,921	817,555		-	817,555			
Training and educational grants		12,082,696		-	12,082,696	12,566,935		-	12,566,935			
Casey Scholar program		787,368		-	787,368	1,000,339		-	1,000,339			
Total program expenses		14,152,297		-	14,152,297	14,647,113		-	14,647,113			
Support Services												
General and administrative		115,351		-	115,351	107,912		-	107,912			
Fundraising		12,815		-	12,815	11,987		-	11,987			
Total support services		128,166		-	128,166	119,899		-	119,899			
Total expenses		14,280,463		-	14,280,463	14,767,012		-	14,767,012			
Change in net assets		263,862		(306,407)	(42,545)	(5,261)		(87,117)	(92,378)			
Net Assets												
Beginning of year		3,862,580		2,165,526	6,028,106	3,867,841		2,252,643	6,120,484			
End of year	\$	4,126,442	\$	1,859,119 \$	5,985,561	\$ 3,862,580	\$	2,165,526 \$	6,028,106			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

#### STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Program Services									Support Services					
			Care	T	raining and		Casey		Total		General				
	Intern		Package	F	Educational		Scholar		Program		and				
	Program		Program		Services		Program		Services	Adı	ministrative	Fı	ındraising		Total
Expenses									_						
Salaries and payroll taxes	\$ 98,878	\$	-	\$	1,240,877	\$	159,705	\$	1,499,460	\$	62,721	\$	6,969	\$	1,569,150
Scholarship awards	-		-		9,491,317		564,076		10,055,393		-		-		10,055,393
In-kind donation expense	448,000		541,880		836,220		-		1,826,100		-		-		1,826,100
Insurance	1,224		-		15,927		1,957		19,108		1,615		179		20,902
Office expenses	9,485		181		99,494		10,715		119,875		9,236		1,026		130,137
Postage and shipping	773		49,262		9,794		1,199		61,028		1,083		120		62,231
Printing and publications	8,796		-		19,512		2,579		30,887		1,851		206		32,944
Professional services	33,960		-		76,308		10,221		120,489		7,861		873		129,223
Occupancy	4,019		-		50,898		6,509		61,426		5,062		562		67,050
Information technology	14,467		-		179,519		23,093		217,079		19,486		2,165		238,730
Bank and investment charges	1,711		-		21,191		2,693		25,595		2,853		317		28,765
Program expense	42,027		25,598		13,402		1,427		82,454		1,099		122		83,675
Development and comm	-		-		3,263		-		3,263		-		-		3,263
Depreciation	1,972		-		24,974		3,194		30,140		2,484		276		32,900
Total expenses	\$ 665,312	\$	616,921	\$	12,082,696	\$	787,368	\$	14,152,297	\$	115,351	\$	12,815	\$	14,280,463

#### STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Program Services										Support Services					
				Care	T	raining and		Casey		Total	General					
		Intern		Package	I	Educational		Scholar		Program	and					
		Program		Program		Services		Program		Services	Ad	ministrative	Fund	raising		Total
Expenses																
Salaries and payroll taxes	\$	51,581	\$	-	\$	1,210,070	\$	178,903	\$	1,440,554	\$	71,655	\$	7,962	\$	1,520,171
Scholarship awards		-		-		9,540,921		725,327		10,266,248		-		-		10,266,248
In-kind donation expense		150,700		778,360		1,184,190		-		2,113,250		-		-		2,113,250
Insurance		278		-		6,614		1,310		8,202		-		-		8,202
Office expenses		3,061		-		90,861		13,913		107,835		5,979		664		114,478
Postage and shipping		782		16,559		22,024		3,558		42,923		1,299		144		44,366
Printing and publications		826		-		19,101		2,691		22,618		949		105		23,672
Professional services		19,912		-		171,984		26,685		218,581		-		-		218,581
Occupancy		-		-		58,094		8,012		66,106		8		1		66,115
Information technology		7,841		-		195,844		29,298		232,983		9,564		1,062		243,609
Bank and investment charges		580		-		14,738		2,285		17,603		7,783		863		26,249
Program expense		24,877		22,636		23,809		3,276		74,598		1,490		165		76,253
Development and comm		1,846		-		6,107		918		8,871		2,338		260		11,469
Depreciation		-		-		22,578		4,163		26,741		6,847		761		34,349
Total expenses	\$	262,284	\$	817,555	\$	12,566,935	\$	1,000,339	\$	14,647,113	\$	107,912	\$	11,987	\$	14,767,012

See Notes to Financial Statements.

#### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ (42,545) \$	(92,378)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to		, , ,
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	32,900	34,349
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments	62,221	(142,625)
Realized gain on investments	(97,067)	(83,055)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Pledges receivable	275,114	200,000
Grants receivable	384,455	605,297
Prepaid expenses	10,376	(6,653)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	153,453	(313,823)
Scholarships payable	 (258,607)	117,716
Net cash provided by operating activities	 520,300	318,828
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Net sales (purchases) of investments	148,675	(49,802)
Purchase of property and equipment	 (2,877)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 145,798	(49,802)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Principal paid on mortgage	 (25,859)	(24,241)
Net cash used in financing activities	 (25,859)	(24,241)
Net increase in cash and equivalents	640,239	244,785
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Beginning of year	 2,227,784	1,982,999
End of year	\$ 2,868,023 \$	2,227,784
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 29,706 \$	31,325

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Nature of Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

**Nature of organization:** The Orphan Foundation of America (the "Organization") is a nonprofit organization incorporated in the District of Columbia on October 28, 1981. The Organization operates under the name Foster Care to Success. The purpose of the Organization is to prepare orphaned children for adulthood and to assist them in overcoming the turmoil and lack of foundation resulting from lack of parental support. The Organization provides counseling, program activities, and services otherwise unavailable to orphaned children. Additionally, the Organization provides direct financial assistance to orphans entering colleges and other institutions of higher learning.

**Basis of accounting:** The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Basis of presentation: The Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. The financial statements report amounts separately by class of asset, when applicable. Temporarily restricted amounts are those which are stipulated by donors or other funding sources for specific operating purposes. When a restriction expires or is otherwise satisfied, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the Statements of Activities as net assets released from restrictions. Revenues restricted by the donor or other funding source are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restriction expires or is otherwise satisfied in the year in which the revenue is recognized.

*Use of estimates:* The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks and short-term holdings in interest-bearing accounts subject to withdrawal on demand. For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

**Pledges and grants receivable:** Grants receivable are stated at amounts awarded less an allowance for doubtful accounts



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Nature of Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pledges are recognized when a donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Unconditional pledges to give are reported at net realizable value, if at the time the promise is made, payment is expected to be received in one year or less. Unconditional promises that are expected to be collected in more than one year are reported at fair value initially and at net realizable value thereafter. Pledges that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire or are otherwise satisfied in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in temporarily restricted net assets depending on the nature of restrictions. When a restriction expires or is otherwise satisfied, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets.

**Provision for uncollectible pledges or grants receivable:** Provisions for uncollectible pledges or grants are determined by management based on past collection experience and estimated collectability. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, management has determined that no allowance for uncollectible pledges and grants receivable is necessary.

The Organization also has a student loan program. Total student loan receivables as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$126,400 and \$121,400, respectfully. Historically, it has been difficult for students to repay the loans, and as such, the Organization has established an allowance for the amounts outstanding for each year end.

**Property and equipment:** Property and equipment acquired at cost in excess of \$500 is capitalized. Donated assets are capitalized at fair market value at the time of donation. Depreciation of assets is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Furniture and equipment are being depreciated over 3 to 7 years. Building and improvements are being depreciated over 15 to 30 years.

**Functional allocation of expenses:** Indirect expenses are allocated to the various programs and supporting services based on the relative use by each program.

*Investments:* Investments, which are stated at market value, consist of bonds, mutual funds, exchange traded funds, and common stock. Fair values of securities are based on quoted market prices. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated. Realized and unrealized gains or losses are reflected in the Statements of Activities.

Investment income and gains restricted by donors are reported as an increase in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions are met (either a stipulated time period ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Nature of Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Donated services:** Donated services are recognized as contributions if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization.

**Donated assets:** Donated marketable securities and other noncash donations are recorded as contributions at their fair values at the date of donation.

**Income taxes:** The Organization is exempt from Federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

FASB ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Organization's management has evaluated the impact of this guidance to its financial statements. The Organization is not aware of any material uncertain tax positions, and has not accrued the effect of any uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. The Organization's income tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities, generally for a period of three years from the date they were filed. With few exceptions, the Organization is no longer subject to income tax examinations by federal, state or local authorities for years before 2011.

The Organization's policy is to classify income tax related interest and penalties in bank and investment charges.

#### Note 2. Concentration Risk

The Organization receives a substantial amount of its support from state governments (pass-through of federal funds). A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have a significant effect on its programs and activities.

The Organization maintains its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. In addition, the Organization maintains investments with investment companies which exceed Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insured limits.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31:

		2014	2013
Building and improvements	\$	763,824	\$ 763,824
Furniture and equipment	-	113,020 876,844	110,143 873,967
Less accumulated depreciation		(340,653)	(307,753)
	\$	536,191	\$ 566,214

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$32,900 and \$34,349, respectively.

#### Note 4. Investments

Investments, at cost and estimated fair value, consist of the following:

		Cost		Market Value		Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
December 31, 2014	ф	401.016	Φ.	505.567	Φ	12.651
Bonds Mutual funda	\$	491,916	\$	505,567	\$	13,651
Mutual funds		72,419		113,157		40,738
Exchange traded funds		238,549		252,805		14,256
Common stock		509,034		741,052		232,018
	\$	1,311,918	\$	1,612,581	\$	300,663
		Cost		Market Value		Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
December 31, 2013 Bonds	\$	470,132	\$	489,331	\$	19,199
Mutual funds	•	72,419	·	101,443	·	29,024
Common stock		834,711		1,135,636		300,925
	\$	1,377,262	\$	1,726,410	\$	349,148

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 5. Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

**Level 1** Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

**Level 3** Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2014 and 2013.

Corporate stocks, corporate bonds and exchange traded funds: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded. To the extent securities are actively traded and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are categorized in level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. To the extent securities are not actively traded and valuation adjustments are applied, they are categorized in level 2.

Mutual funds: Valued at the net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the Organization at year end.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2014:

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total Assets at Fair Value
Mutual Funds	-					
Large growth	\$	91,805	\$ -	\$ - 9	5	91,805
High yield		21,352	-	-		21,352
<b>Total mutual funds</b>		113,157	-	-		113,157

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

N. 6		(G (1 1)					
Note 5. Fair Value Measure	ements	s (Continued)					Total
							Total Assets at
		Level 1	Level 2	)	Level 3		Fair Value
Exchange Traded Funds	-	LCVCI I	LCVCI 2		Level 3		Tan value
Communications	\$	2,965	2	- \$	_	\$	2,965
Consumer cyclical	Ψ	12,885	Þ	- ψ	_	Ψ	12,885
Consumer defensive		12,883		-	-		12,933
Diversified emerging markets		432		-	-		432
2 2		1,780		-	-		1,780
Europe stock Financial		3,877		-	-		3,877
Health		27,734		-	-		
Industrials				-	-		27,734
		12,591		-	-		12,591
Japan stock		59,913		-	-		59,913
Large blend		39,607		-	-		39,607
Large value		14,402		-	-		14,402
Long government		8,185		-	-		8,185
Mid-cap growth		29,670		-	-		29,670
Miscellaneous region		7,456		-	-		7,456
Multicurrency		7,814		-	-		7,814
Natural resources		1,826		-	-		1,826
Technology		6,791		-	-		6,791
Utilities		1,944		-	-		1,944
Total exchange traded							
funds		252,805			-		252,805
Common Stock							
Basic materials		45,267		-	_		45,267
Consumer goods		88,400		-	_		88,400
Financial		146,889		-	_		146,889
Healthcare		91,923		-	_		91,923
Industrial goods		45,872		-	_		45,872
Large blend		7,679		-	_		7,679
Miscellaneous region		35,633		-	_		35,633
Services		161,269		_	_		161,269
Technology		118,120		_	_		118,120
Total common stock		741,052		-	-		741,052
Bonds							
Intermediate agency		-	19,4		-		19,417
Intermediate corporate		-	200,3		-		200,348
Intermediate U.S. government		-	50,2		-		50,267
Short agency		-	70,1		-		70,103
Short corporate		-	165,4		-		165,432
<b>Total bonds</b>		-	505,5	567	-		505,567
<b>F</b>	ф	1 107 014 (	505	- C =		ф	1 (10 501

1,107,014 \$

505,567 \$

**Total investments** 

1,612,581

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2013:

				Total
				Assets at
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Mutual Funds				
Large growth	\$ 81,337	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,337
High yield	20,106	-	-	20,106
Total mutual funds	101,443	-	-	101,443
Common Stock				
Basic materials	108,761	_	_	108,761
Communications	25,165	_		25,165
Consumer cyclical	19,258	_	_	19,258
Consumer goods	121,595	_	_	121,595
Diversified emerging markets	5,475	_	_	5,475
Europe stock	7,573	_		7,573
Financial	139,138	_		139,138
Foreign large value	5,881	_	_	5,881
Health	32,435	_	_	32,435
Healthcare	103,238	_		103,238
Industrial goods	95,731	_	_	95,731
Industrials	27,106	_		27,106
IT service	27,100	_	_	22
Japan stock	53,849	_	_	53,849
Large blend	45,416	_	_	45,416
Large value	16,002	_	_	16,002
Mid-cap growth	8,844	_	_	8,844
Miscellaneous region	72,529	_	_	72,529
Services	123,584	_	_	123,584
Small growth	20,869	_	_	20,869
Technology	103,165	_	_	103,165
Total common stock	1,135,636	-	-	1,135,636
Bonds				
Intermediate agency	-	18,21		18,216
Intermediate corporate	-	196,88		196,882
Intermediate U.S. government	-	50,55		50,554
Short agency	-	85,61		85,613
Short corporate	-	130,71		130,714
Short government		7,35		7,352
Total bonds		489,33		489,331
Total investments	\$ 1,237,079	\$ 489,33	1 \$ -	\$ 1,726,410

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 6. Tax Deferred Annuity Plan

The Organization sponsors a qualified 403(b) Tax Deferred Annuity Plan (Plan). All employees who are over age 21 and with three months of service are eligible to participate in the Plan. At the discretion of the Board of Directors, the Organization may make contributions to the Plan at a rate to be determined annually by the Organization. No such contributions were made during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

#### Note 7. Education and Training Voucher Program

The Organization contracts with various states to administer their Chafee Education and Training Vouchers (ETV) Program which provides assistance to qualified ETV students. Funds flow through the Organization to the ETV students from various states. During the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Organization contracted with Alabama, Arizona, Colorado, Maryland, Missouri, New York, North Carolina, and Ohio.

#### Note 8. Mortgage Payable

During December 2005, the Organization entered into a note payable with a financial institution to purchase an office condominium. The note was for \$626,000 and calls for monthly principal and interest payments at a fixed rate of 6.4 percent per annum with monthly payments of \$4,630. Interest expense was \$29,706 and \$31,325 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. This note matures December 14, 2020 and is secured by the property and equipment of the Organization.

Future maturities under this note as of December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Amount				
2015	Ф	07.414			
2015	\$	27,414			
2016		30,212			
2017		32,204			
2018		34,326			
2019		36,589			
Thereafter		282,894			
	\$	443,639			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 9. Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Included in temporarily restricted net assets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are \$1,859,119 and \$2,165,526, respectively, relating to funds restricted by donors.

Temporarily restricted net assets consist of the following:

	 2014	2013		
Burtrez J. Morrow Trust Glory Foundation	\$ 911,054	\$	870,690 41,593	
Casey Family Scholars	\$ 948,065 1,859,119	\$	1,253,243 2,165,526	

2014

2012

#### Note 10. Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated all events subsequent to the statement of financial position date of December 31, 2014 through September 2, 2015, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. The Organization has determined that there are no subsequent events that require disclosure pursuant to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - SCHEDULE I Year Ended December 31, 2014

Federal Granting Agency/Grant Program	Catalog Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass - Through From States Chafee Education and Training Vouchers*					
Alabama	93.599	4147	\$ 771,092		
Arizona	93.599	3630-150510	1,086,075		
Colorado	93.599	521238437	648,071		
Maryland	93.599	SSA/OHPS-10-001	1,084,442		
Missouri	93.599	C306033001	1,076,378		
North Carolina	93.599	00121-09	934,674		
New York	93.599	C025057	2,997,026		
Ohio	93.599	G-89-06-1215	1,685,591		
Total			\$ 10,283,349		

<sup>\*</sup> Major Program

#### Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Orphan Foundation of America d/b/a Foster Care to Success and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the presentation of, the basic financial statements. In addition, expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursements.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – SCHEDULE II Year Ended December 31, 2014

I. Summa	rv of A	<b>Auditor'</b>	's Result	S
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#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes	$\sqrt{}$	_No	
Significant deficiencies identified?		Yes	$\sqrt{}$	None Repor	ted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_Yes	$\sqrt{}$	_	
Federal awards					
Internal control over major programs					
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes	$\sqrt{}$	_No	
Significant deficiencies identified?		Yes	$\sqrt{}$	None Repor	ted
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	programs:	Unmo	odified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?		_Yes	√	_No	
Identification of major program:					
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers	CFDA #93	3.599			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B	3 programs	S	\$3	08,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes		_ No	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – SCHEDULE II (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2014

II.	Findings	Relating	to the	<b>Financial</b>	<b>Statements</b>	Which	Are	Required	to	be	Reported	in
	Accorda	nce with (	GAGAS	5								

A. NONE.

#### III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

A. NONE.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors Orphan Foundation of America Sterling, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Orphan Foundation of America d/b/a Foster Care to Success (a non-profit Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 2, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fairfax, Virginia September 2, 2015

PB Mares, LLP



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Board of Directors Orphan Foundation of America d/b/a Foster Care to Success Sterling, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Orphan Foundation of America d/b/a Foster Care to Success' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Organization's major federal programs for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. The Organization's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of law, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Organization's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Organization's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Organization is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Organization's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination or deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fairfax, Virginia September 2, 2015

PB Maris, LLP